



STEPHANIE MURPHY

President
Alpha Space

1
00:00:37,049 --> 00:00:35,009
some of the most common skills we use on

2
00:00:38,729 --> 00:00:37,059
earth proved to be much more tedious in

3
00:00:40,529 --> 00:00:38,739
microgravity but their skills and

4
00:00:42,689 --> 00:00:40,539
astronauts must be able to master as we

5
00:00:44,939 --> 00:00:42,699
journey farther into space an experiment

6
00:00:46,979 --> 00:00:44,949
called fine motor skills is the first to

7
00:00:49,709 --> 00:00:46,989
measure long-term microgravity exposure

8
00:00:51,689 --> 00:00:49,719
different phases of adaptation and since

9
00:00:53,880 --> 00:00:51,699
the remoter recovery after returning to

10
00:00:54,990 --> 00:00:53,890
Earth by calling Rory megs at the

11
00:00:57,869 --> 00:00:55,000
Marshall Space Flight Center in

12
00:01:00,149 --> 00:00:57,879
Huntsville Alabama spoke with cretino

13
00:01:03,329 --> 00:01:00,159

Holden the principal investigator of

14

00:01:05,219 --> 00:01:03,339

this study to learn more we're

15

00:01:06,630 --> 00:01:05,229

interested in finding out if there are

16

00:01:09,690 --> 00:01:06,640

any effects of long-duration

17

00:01:11,490 --> 00:01:09,700

microgravity on fine motor skills we're

18

00:01:13,710 --> 00:01:11,500

particularly interested in looking at

19

00:01:15,719 --> 00:01:13,720

advanced technologies like touch screens

20

00:01:17,130 --> 00:01:15,729

and gesture devices because we think

21

00:01:18,630 --> 00:01:17,140

those are the kind of devices that crew

22

00:01:20,820 --> 00:01:18,640

members will be using on future missions

23

00:01:22,529 --> 00:01:20,830

and we want to make sure that if they're

24

00:01:24,480 --> 00:01:22,539

on a long-duration journey to Mars for

25

00:01:26,730 --> 00:01:24,490

example that they're able to interact

26

00:01:28,949 --> 00:01:26,740

accurately with those devices once they

27

00:01:30,120 --> 00:01:28,959

go to the planet's surface what types of

28

00:01:33,539 --> 00:01:30,130

fine motor skills are we talking about

29

00:01:36,840 --> 00:01:33,549

so we are doing this study on a Apple

30

00:01:38,700 --> 00:01:36,850

iPad and using the touchscreen and so we

31

00:01:40,770 --> 00:01:38,710

have four different tasks that are part

32

00:01:43,260 --> 00:01:40,780

of the investigation they include things

33

00:01:45,690 --> 00:01:43,270

like pointing to a target of dragging to

34

00:01:47,670 --> 00:01:45,700

a target shape tracing a circle and

35

00:01:50,429 --> 00:01:47,680

square shaped tracing and then a pinch

36

00:01:52,950 --> 00:01:50,439

rotate task which is a multi-touch task

37

00:01:56,849 --> 00:01:52,960

or the touchscreen why do we need to

38

00:02:00,569 --> 00:01:56,859

know this well so crew members more and

39

00:02:02,010 --> 00:02:00,579

more using iPads onboard ISS and so

40

00:02:04,219 --> 00:02:02,020

they're using a lot of touchscreen

41

00:02:07,830 --> 00:02:04,229

interfaces and a lot of times if

42

00:02:09,690 --> 00:02:07,840

interfaces aren't designed well there

43

00:02:11,340 --> 00:02:09,700

are a lot of errors and so we want to

44

00:02:13,140 --> 00:02:11,350

make sure we know if there's any

45

00:02:15,240 --> 00:02:13,150

performance decrements after being in

46

00:02:16,620 --> 00:02:15,250

microgravity for a long time that we

47

00:02:18,990 --> 00:02:16,630

might need to accommodate with a

48

00:02:21,150 --> 00:02:19,000

different type of design with this lead

49

00:02:23,309 --> 00:02:21,160

to new designs for our iPads yes we're

50

00:02:24,990 --> 00:02:23,319

very excited about that actually the

51
00:02:28,620 --> 00:02:25,000
particular application we think it has

52
00:02:30,629 --> 00:02:28,630
is for populations who do have problems

53
00:02:33,150 --> 00:02:30,639
with fine motor skills so we're looking

54
00:02:36,300 --> 00:02:33,160
into using the test battery that we've

55
00:02:38,820 --> 00:02:36,310
developed for elderly populations or

56
00:02:41,130 --> 00:02:38,830
brain injured or Parkinson's patients

57
00:02:43,410 --> 00:02:41,140
who need to be tested you could be used

58
00:02:45,560 --> 00:02:43,420
as a diagnostic tool we also think it

59
00:02:48,870 --> 00:02:45,570
could be used as a rehabilitation tool

60
00:02:50,340 --> 00:02:48,880
it's really cool it's really cool we

61
00:02:52,020 --> 00:02:50,350
have a couple of universities that are

62
00:02:53,700 --> 00:02:52,030
very interested in working with us to

63
00:02:56,250 --> 00:02:53,710

kind of move the product in that

64

00:02:58,920 --> 00:02:56,260

direction have you done other studies

65

00:03:01,080 --> 00:02:58,930

like this we've done a number of ground

66

00:03:02,820 --> 00:03:01,090

studies looking at fine motor skills but

67

00:03:05,040 --> 00:03:02,830

this is really the first flight study

68

00:03:06,990 --> 00:03:05,050

that we've done pretty exciting that you

69

00:03:08,910 --> 00:03:07,000

can do it for a year right it is so

70

00:03:10,590 --> 00:03:08,920

exciting you know we come from human

71

00:03:12,900 --> 00:03:10,600

factors and we don't get to do a lot of

72

00:03:14,610 --> 00:03:12,910

flight studies and so we are thrilled to

73

00:03:17,610 --> 00:03:14,620

be part of the one-year mission this is

74

00:03:20,130 --> 00:03:17,620

a really great opportunity to complete a

75

00:03:21,690 --> 00:03:20,140

data set that is a little bit lacking so

76

00:03:24,150 --> 00:03:21,700

there's been some data in the past on

77

00:03:26,070 --> 00:03:24,160

fine motor skills not interacting with

78

00:03:29,490 --> 00:03:26,080

the kind of devices that we're using but

79

00:03:31,530 --> 00:03:29,500

also with a lot of lapses in the data

80

00:03:33,930 --> 00:03:31,540

you know over the mission and so this is

81

00:03:36,000 --> 00:03:33,940

a great opportunity for us to get data

82

00:03:37,590 --> 00:03:36,010

pre-flight throughout a whole one-year

83

00:04:02,070 --> 00:03:37,600

mission and post-flight and I think

84

00:04:05,940 --> 00:04:04,140

I mentioned earlier that Jeff Williams

85

00:04:08,010 --> 00:04:05,950

spent some time this morning on the

86

00:04:10,380 --> 00:04:08,020

NanoRacks experiment several of those

87

00:04:13,080 --> 00:04:10,390

arrived on board dragon last month and

88

00:04:14,850 --> 00:04:13,090

NanoRacks is a multi-purpose research

89

00:04:16,710 --> 00:04:14,860

facility that provides power and data

90

00:04:20,009 --> 00:04:16,720

transfer capability to the NanoRacks

91

00:04:24,060 --> 00:04:20,019

cube labs module each anoraks platform

92

00:04:26,760 --> 00:04:24,070

is about 17 x 9 x 20 inches and weighs

93

00:04:28,290 --> 00:04:26,770

just about 12 pounds they're designed

94

00:04:29,970 --> 00:04:28,300

for use within the pressurized space

95

00:04:32,430 --> 00:04:29,980

station environment and provide room for

96

00:04:35,580 --> 00:04:32,440

up to 16 modules to plug into a standard

97

00:04:37,500 --> 00:04:35,590

USB connection standardized interface

98

00:04:40,800 --> 00:04:37,510

reduces integration cost and schedule

99

00:04:42,390 --> 00:04:40,810

for the research some of the NanoRacks

100

00:04:44,250 --> 00:04:42,400

experiments that Williams is working on

101
00:04:47,040 --> 00:04:44,260
today look at things like the shape and

102
00:04:50,370 --> 00:04:47,050
growth of small mushrooms in space the

103
00:04:53,330 --> 00:04:50,380
effect of microgravity on bacterial

104
00:04:57,240 --> 00:04:53,340
biofilm formation on soft contact lenses

105
00:04:59,250 --> 00:04:57,250
effect of microgravity on e coli growth

106
00:05:02,610 --> 00:04:59,260
and the effect of microgravity on how

107
00:05:06,060 --> 00:05:02,620
detergent plus polymer beans works on

108
00:05:07,770 --> 00:05:06,070
cleaning cotton cloth in microgravity to

109
00:05:10,560 --> 00:05:07,780
work on the experiments Williams simply

110
00:05:13,800 --> 00:05:10,570
has closures that allow two parts of the

111
00:05:15,390 --> 00:05:13,810
experiment to mix he opens those and

112
00:05:17,640 --> 00:05:15,400
gently shakes them for a prescribed

113
00:05:24,600 --> 00:05:17,650

number of seconds anything from 15 to

114

00:05:28,260 --> 00:05:24,610

120 and allows them to mix and then they

115

00:05:31,430 --> 00:05:28,270

are allowed to a scientist on the ground

116

00:05:42,820 --> 00:05:31,440

are able to make that collect that data

117

00:05:47,899 --> 00:05:46,010

takuya she is working now to wrap up an

118

00:05:50,869 --> 00:05:47,909

experiment arrived on the SpaceX Dragon

119

00:05:52,249 --> 00:05:50,879

and as now preparing to return to Earth

120

00:05:55,070 --> 00:05:52,259

on board it as well the mouse

121

00:05:57,049 --> 00:05:55,080

epigenetics experiment laneige is

122

00:05:58,699 --> 00:05:57,059

checking up on that experiment today and

123

00:06:01,209 --> 00:05:58,709

actually getting it ready for return to

124

00:06:03,919 --> 00:06:01,219

home as moves it into a transfer

125

00:06:06,409 --> 00:06:03,929

container for the mice that are part of

126
00:06:09,290 --> 00:06:06,419
that experiment Mouse epigenetics uses

127
00:06:11,119 --> 00:06:09,300
mice as a model organisms for humans to

128
00:06:12,919 --> 00:06:11,129
study how living in space for long

129
00:06:15,230 --> 00:06:12,929
periods of time affects our genetic

130
00:06:17,719 --> 00:06:15,240
activity from changes in gene expression

131
00:06:20,989 --> 00:06:17,729
in individual organisms to changes in

132
00:06:24,199 --> 00:06:20,999
DNA that can be inherited later to make

133
00:06:25,790 --> 00:06:24,209
that possible 12 male mice have been

134
00:06:28,639 --> 00:06:25,800
living on the space station for about 30

135
00:06:31,219 --> 00:06:28,649
days while the dragon is here and then

136
00:06:32,389 --> 00:06:31,229
we'll be returning to earth and the

137
00:06:34,369 --> 00:06:32,399
scientists who are part of the

138
00:06:36,439 --> 00:06:34,379

experiment I thought is that under

139

00:06:38,209 --> 00:06:36,449

microgravity conditions unusual gene

140

00:06:40,759 --> 00:06:38,219

expression patterns and normal body

141

00:06:41,959 --> 00:06:40,769

cells can be induced by the stresses

142

00:06:45,019 --> 00:06:41,969

that come from living without gravity

143

00:06:47,689 --> 00:06:45,029

and other stresses such as cosmic

144

00:06:50,799 --> 00:06:47,699

radiation may cause unexpected genomic

145

00:06:53,389 --> 00:06:50,809

or epigenomic changes in genes in

146

00:06:56,029 --> 00:06:53,399

reproductive cells scientists will look

147

00:06:59,269 --> 00:06:56,039

for changes in the DNA of the mice

148

00:07:39,070 --> 00:06:59,279

organs and then look at their offspring

149

00:07:43,190 --> 00:07:41,150

one of the best ways to keep up with

150

00:07:45,500 --> 00:07:43,200

what's going on onboard the space

151

00:07:47,120 --> 00:07:45,510

station is to find out directly from the

152

00:07:49,280 --> 00:07:47,130

astronauts who are living there many of

153

00:07:51,650 --> 00:07:49,290

them have social media accounts and send

154

00:07:54,250 --> 00:07:51,660

down updates regularly and we have a few

155

00:07:57,260 --> 00:07:54,260

of those here to share with you today

156

00:07:59,720 --> 00:07:57,270

this one's actually from Kate Rubens she

157

00:08:02,060 --> 00:07:59,730

does not maintain her own account but

158

00:08:04,460 --> 00:08:02,070

she is sitting down updates to the NASA

159

00:08:06,530 --> 00:08:04,470

astronauts Twitter account that can be

160

00:08:08,480 --> 00:08:06,540

found at at NASA underscore astronauts

161

00:08:12,230 --> 00:08:08,490

and he or she sent down a photo that she

162

00:08:16,250 --> 00:08:12,240

took during Friday's spacewalk selfie

163

00:08:17,870 --> 00:08:16,260

looking back at herself inside her space

164

00:08:19,490 --> 00:08:17,880

suit with the visor down you're not

165

00:08:24,409 --> 00:08:19,500

really able to see her face but that is

166

00:08:26,330 --> 00:08:24,419

her behind the visor and this one comes

167

00:08:28,130 --> 00:08:26,340

from jeff williams who does a have a

168

00:08:30,320 --> 00:08:28,140

twitter account that he updates pretty

169

00:08:32,450 --> 00:08:30,330

regularly that can be found at at astro

170

00:08:37,810 --> 00:08:32,460

underscored jeff this one particularly

171

00:08:40,279 --> 00:08:37,820

looking at Glacier Bay National Park the

172

00:08:41,990 --> 00:08:40,289

100th anniversary of the National Park

173

00:08:44,660 --> 00:08:42,000

System is coming up actually tomorrow

174

00:08:47,210 --> 00:08:44,670

and Williams has been taking a number of

175

00:08:50,030 --> 00:08:47,220

photos of the National Parks from space

176
00:08:53,480 --> 00:08:50,040
to share this is a good example he also

177
00:08:55,970 --> 00:08:53,490
sent down this one of black heels South

178
00:09:00,100 --> 00:08:55,980
Dakota and Wyoming another national park

179
00:09:06,770 --> 00:09:03,650
finally he also turned the camera up to

180
00:09:08,840 --> 00:09:06,780
give us a look at what it looks like to

181
00:09:12,079 --> 00:09:08,850
see the full moon from the International

182
00:09:14,600 --> 00:09:12,089
Space Station again you can find jeff

183
00:09:17,300 --> 00:09:14,610
williams updates on Twitter it at a

184
00:09:20,180 --> 00:09:17,310
stroke or jeff or you can also look for

185
00:09:57,889 --> 00:09:20,190
him on facebook he's he's listed as NASA

186
00:10:02,280 --> 00:10:00,449
we talk a lot on Space Station live

187
00:10:03,870 --> 00:10:02,290
about the various benefits that we here

188
00:10:05,370 --> 00:10:03,880

on earth receive from the International

189

00:10:06,360 --> 00:10:05,380

Space Station and coming up next we're

190

00:10:09,180 --> 00:10:06,370

going to take a look at some specific

191

00:10:14,430 --> 00:10:09,190

ones and benefits for Humanity spaces

192

00:10:16,710 --> 00:10:14,440

our business the International Space

193

00:10:19,170 --> 00:10:16,720

Station is the most unique laboratory

194

00:10:21,300 --> 00:10:19,180

that exists there are things that you

195

00:10:23,220 --> 00:10:21,310

can learn things that you can do in

196

00:10:25,500 --> 00:10:23,230

space that you just can't do on the

197

00:10:29,550 --> 00:10:25,510

earth space station really provides an

198

00:10:32,280 --> 00:10:29,560

opportunity to explore for example say

199

00:10:34,019 --> 00:10:32,290

medical applications the aging and the

200

00:10:36,329 --> 00:10:34,029

osteoporosis and muscle wasting

201

00:10:38,670 --> 00:10:36,339

conditions are greatly accelerated in

202

00:10:41,610 --> 00:10:38,680

microgravity understanding those

203

00:10:43,620 --> 00:10:41,620

phenomena allow us to look at how we can

204

00:10:46,259 --> 00:10:43,630

improve treatment of disease here on

205

00:10:49,439 --> 00:10:46,269

earth what we have is the capability to

206

00:10:51,600 --> 00:10:49,449

affect people's quality of life it's not

207

00:10:53,430 --> 00:10:51,610

just drug companies that can benefit

208

00:10:56,430 --> 00:10:53,440

from experiments or research in space

209

00:10:58,439 --> 00:10:56,440

that's a host of industries across the

210

00:11:01,170 --> 00:10:58,449

board but it wasn't always easy to get

211

00:11:03,269 --> 00:11:01,180

there historically access to space was

212

00:11:05,370 --> 00:11:03,279

limited to companies and corporations

213

00:11:08,069 --> 00:11:05,380

which was selected by the government and

214

00:11:10,319 --> 00:11:08,079

what we lost was the true creativity of

215

00:11:12,090 --> 00:11:10,329

so many innovative smaller companies

216

00:11:14,309 --> 00:11:12,100

that really didn't understand how to get

217

00:11:17,550 --> 00:11:14,319

to space when we were doing the

218

00:11:20,309 --> 00:11:17,560

reauthorization of NASA we wanted to

219

00:11:23,220 --> 00:11:20,319

expand the opportunities to different

220

00:11:24,900 --> 00:11:23,230

areas of experimentation and also

221

00:11:26,639 --> 00:11:24,910

different entities recognizing the

222

00:11:29,910 --> 00:11:26,649

untapped potential for commercial access

223

00:11:31,050 --> 00:11:29,920

to space 2005 Congress declared the u.s.

224

00:11:32,809 --> 00:11:31,060

portion of the International Space

225

00:11:35,069 --> 00:11:32,819

Station a national laboratory

226

00:11:38,250 --> 00:11:35,079

essentially it opened up opportunities

227

00:11:40,139 --> 00:11:38,260

for research that could be done on the

228

00:11:42,449 --> 00:11:40,149

space station that would benefit us here

229

00:11:44,699 --> 00:11:42,459

on earth everyday companies and everyday

230

00:11:46,620 --> 00:11:44,709

researchers and everyday people can

231

00:11:48,600 --> 00:11:46,630

think about using the space station

232

00:11:50,819 --> 00:11:48,610

that's that's a fundamental change it

233

00:11:52,650 --> 00:11:50,829

was never allowed before today we offer

234

00:11:54,870 --> 00:11:52,660

opportunities to the researcher that

235

00:11:55,870 --> 00:11:54,880

never existed before whether it be seed

236

00:11:58,480 --> 00:11:55,880

funding to help

237

00:12:01,480 --> 00:11:58,490

support the actual project to access to

238

00:12:03,700 --> 00:12:01,490

experts to create hardware that rocket

239

00:12:05,560 --> 00:12:03,710

ride up the on station time with the

240

00:12:07,750 --> 00:12:05,570

astronaut is your lab technician what

241

00:12:10,750 --> 00:12:07,760

we're doing is really making it as easy

242

00:12:12,670 --> 00:12:10,760

as possible for people here on earth to

243

00:12:15,790 --> 00:12:12,680

do space-based research without becoming

244

00:12:17,880 --> 00:12:15,800

space experts our part of the mission is

245

00:12:20,740 --> 00:12:17,890

to help guide these non-traditional

246

00:12:24,040 --> 00:12:20,750

innovative users from their traditional

247

00:12:27,790 --> 00:12:24,050

labs here on the ground to a very

248

00:12:30,130 --> 00:12:27,800

unusual and important asset in space the

249

00:12:31,990 --> 00:12:30,140

ISS National Lab has space versions of

250

00:12:33,610 --> 00:12:32,000

hardware that you can often find in

251
00:12:35,650 --> 00:12:33,620
laboratories here on the ground

252
00:12:38,140 --> 00:12:35,660
everything from even animal habitats

253
00:12:40,750 --> 00:12:38,150
plant growth chamber reasors 3d printers

254
00:12:43,360 --> 00:12:40,760
observation windows incubators services

255
00:12:45,880 --> 00:12:43,370
the centrifuges microscopes list goes on

256
00:12:48,430 --> 00:12:45,890
and on so we're working with companies

257
00:12:50,170 --> 00:12:48,440
that you would never imagine and they

258
00:12:51,850 --> 00:12:50,180
would never have imagined using the

259
00:12:53,620 --> 00:12:51,860
International Space Station and they're

260
00:12:55,210 --> 00:12:53,630
seeing great results from that the

261
00:12:58,210 --> 00:12:55,220
international space station offers

262
00:13:00,340 --> 00:12:58,220
researchers like me an opportunity to

263
00:13:04,090 --> 00:13:00,350

find the key variables it's helping us

264

00:13:05,440 --> 00:13:04,100

to pinpoint therapeutic molecules the

265

00:13:07,660 --> 00:13:05,450

space station really provides us a

266

00:13:09,430 --> 00:13:07,670

unique opportunity a TKE environment to

267

00:13:11,080 --> 00:13:09,440

do some basic and fundamental research

268

00:13:14,020 --> 00:13:11,090

that allows us to doll products better

269

00:13:16,150 --> 00:13:14,030

the ISS allows us to do a series of

270

00:13:17,940 --> 00:13:16,160

experiments in weightlessness that will

271

00:13:21,430 --> 00:13:17,950

have profound impacts for life on Earth

272

00:13:24,940 --> 00:13:21,440

having a US National Lab in space has

273

00:13:27,190 --> 00:13:24,950

allowed for the formation of a wide

274

00:13:30,850 --> 00:13:27,200

range of companies it's creating a new

275

00:13:33,450 --> 00:13:30,860

economy a sustainable market place that

276

00:13:36,070 --> 00:13:33,460

has services commercial products

277

00:13:55,470 --> 00:13:36,080

competition there's no limit to what we

278

00:13:59,439 --> 00:13:57,970

as August winds down we want to make

279

00:14:01,449 --> 00:13:59,449

sure that everyone gets bored that in

280

00:14:03,549 --> 00:14:01,459

September NASA will bring its online

281

00:14:05,470 --> 00:14:03,559

audience inside the world of human

282

00:14:07,299 --> 00:14:05,480

spaceflight as never before from its

283

00:14:09,129 --> 00:14:07,309

Johnson Space Center in Houston home to

284

00:14:11,049 --> 00:14:09,139

NASA's astronaut corps and the story

285

00:14:13,720 --> 00:14:11,059

admission control and several human

286

00:14:15,100 --> 00:14:13,730

spaceflight programs new and unique

287

00:14:17,229 --> 00:14:15,110

stories from the International Space

288

00:14:18,999 --> 00:14:17,239

Station Orion spacecraft program and

289

00:14:21,129 --> 00:14:19,009

other human spaceflight projects will

290

00:14:23,109 --> 00:14:21,139

take viewers behind the scenes of the

291

00:14:24,939 --> 00:14:23,119

groundbreaking science taking place off

292

00:14:27,039 --> 00:14:24,949

the earth for the earth and the

293

00:14:29,229 --> 00:14:27,049

technology nessa stein to prayer for its

294

00:14:30,939 --> 00:14:29,239

journey to mars this programming will be

295

00:14:32,710 --> 00:14:30,949

available to a worldwide audience on

296

00:14:35,829 --> 00:14:32,720

various NASA social media accounts

297

00:14:37,780 --> 00:14:35,839

including YouTube space station lab will

298

00:14:39,759 --> 00:14:37,790

be phased out in August and discontinued

299

00:14:41,859 --> 00:14:39,769

September first however NASA TV will

300

00:14:43,569 --> 00:14:41,869

continue to air live coverage of dynamic

301

00:14:46,989 --> 00:14:43,579

space station operations including

302

00:14:49,720 --> 00:14:46,999

lunches dockings landings spacewalks and

303

00:14:51,400 --> 00:14:49,730

briefings NASA TV will also continue to

304

00:14:53,710 --> 00:14:51,410

air weekly highlights of life onboard

305

00:14:56,019 --> 00:14:53,720

station in the short format space to

306

00:14:59,530 --> 00:14:56,029

ground program also available on YouTube

307

00:15:01,150 --> 00:14:59,540

and be a podcast these changes will not

308

00:15:03,340 --> 00:15:01,160

affect live video streams from the

309

00:15:05,439 --> 00:15:03,350

International Space Station viewers can

310

00:15:07,869 --> 00:15:05,449

continue to see them those live video

311

00:15:09,879 --> 00:15:07,879

streams as long as the ISS has signal on

312

00:15:13,989 --> 00:15:09,889

Ustream and via the high-definition

313

00:15:15,699 --> 00:15:13,999

Earth viewing or HD payload daily

314

00:15:18,400 --> 00:15:15,709

updates on space station research and

315

00:15:20,109 --> 00:15:18,410

operations will continue to be posted to

316

00:15:22,299 --> 00:15:20,119

the International Space Station blog as

317

00:15:24,669 --> 00:15:22,309

a little more detailed daily rundowns of

318

00:15:29,199 --> 00:15:24,679

crew activities on the in orbit status

319

00:15:30,819 --> 00:15:29,209

report blog digital audiences also have

320

00:15:32,530 --> 00:15:30,829

the option of receiving weekly video

321

00:15:35,079 --> 00:15:32,540

highlights by subscribing to johnson's

322

00:15:36,939 --> 00:15:35,089

newsletter a news release email list or

323

00:15:38,829 --> 00:15:36,949

check out the hundreds of hours of Ravi

324

00:15:40,720 --> 00:15:38,839

you from space station that is available

325

00:15:43,359 --> 00:15:40,730

for download from Johnson's video

326

00:15:45,970 --> 00:15:43,369

collection archive with additional video

327

00:15:48,009 --> 00:15:45,980

added daily for more information and

328

00:15:57,220 --> 00:15:48,019

links to all of those resources you can

329

00:16:01,160 --> 00:15:59,449

we're coming up now on the end of the

330

00:16:02,930 --> 00:16:01,170

day's space station live that of course

331

00:16:05,210 --> 00:16:02,940

you'll want to stay tuned as usual at

332

00:16:07,100 --> 00:16:05,220

11am central for the nasa TV video file

333

00:16:08,720 --> 00:16:07,110

to get a look at other activities going

334

00:16:11,629 --> 00:16:08,730

on at NASA centers across the country

335

00:16:13,550 --> 00:16:11,639

and then for sure stay tuned at one p.m.

336

00:16:15,379 --> 00:16:13,560

central time to get a look at the

337

00:16:16,999 --> 00:16:15,389

spacewalk that Jeff Williams and Kate

338

00:16:19,460 --> 00:16:17,009

Rubens will be performing on sep tember

339

00:16:21,439 --> 00:16:19,470

first that spacewalk preview briefing

340

00:16:24,410 --> 00:16:21,449

again will be taking place here on NASA

341

00:17:24,340 --> 00:16:24,420

TV at one p.m. Central Time this is

342

00:17:29,060 --> 00:17:26,540

attention all cable and satellite

343

00:17:31,790 --> 00:17:29,070

television providers and viewers NASA

344

00:17:34,310 --> 00:17:31,800

television channels MTV one and two are

345

00:17:37,250 --> 00:17:34,320

now transmitting from galaxy 13

346

00:17:39,620 --> 00:17:37,260

transponder 11 please make the switch to

347

00:17:42,920 --> 00:17:39,630

this new satellite to continue receiving

348

00:17:48,410 --> 00:17:42,930

all your favorite TV programs for more

349

00:17:54,550 --> 00:17:48,420

information visit www.fcn and click on

350

00:18:01,430 --> 00:17:58,280

hey you're watching NASA TV on the air

351
00:18:44,880 --> 00:18:01,440
and online every day on this planet and

352
00:18:44,890 --> 00:19:07,370
you

353
00:19:11,090 --> 00:19:09,170
good morning and welcome to Mission

354
00:19:13,820 --> 00:19:11,100
Control Houston in space station live

355
00:19:15,200 --> 00:19:13,830
it's a busy and also historic day on

356
00:19:17,840 --> 00:19:15,210
board the International Space Station

357
00:19:19,880 --> 00:19:17,850
today space station crew is made up of

358
00:19:23,690 --> 00:19:19,890
commander jeff williams and flight

359
00:19:25,760 --> 00:19:23,700
engineer Kate Rubens both of NASA japan

360
00:19:28,070 --> 00:19:25,770
aerospace exploration agency flight

361
00:19:30,260 --> 00:19:28,080
engineer Takuya onishi and russian

362
00:19:35,600 --> 00:19:30,270
flight engineers lexi of chinon oleg

363
00:19:37,130 --> 00:19:35,610

skripochka and anatoly ivanishin volumes

364

00:19:39,350 --> 00:19:37,140

of genetic approach could have been at

365

00:19:40,910 --> 00:19:39,360

the station since March 18th and are

366

00:19:42,200 --> 00:19:40,920

quickly running out of time in their

367

00:19:45,170 --> 00:19:42,210

mission they're scheduled to head home

368

00:19:47,240 --> 00:19:45,180

on september 6 however as of today

369

00:19:49,280 --> 00:19:47,250

Williams has already been in space long

370

00:19:51,110 --> 00:19:49,290

enough to break the previous record for

371

00:19:54,620 --> 00:19:51,120

most time spent in space by u.s.

372

00:19:56,540 --> 00:19:54,630

astronaut that previous record was 520

373

00:19:58,640 --> 00:19:56,550

day set by Scott Kelly during his

374

00:20:00,230 --> 00:19:58,650

year-long mission and Kelly actually

375

00:20:02,120 --> 00:20:00,240

dropped into Mission Control Houston

376

00:20:09,350 --> 00:20:02,130

today to congratulate Williams on the

377

00:20:13,070 --> 00:20:09,360

achievement hey hey jeff it's scott

378

00:20:14,960 --> 00:20:13,080

Kelly hello Scott how you doing I

379

00:20:19,220 --> 00:20:14,970

recognized your voice before you said

380

00:20:23,300 --> 00:20:19,230

Scott Kelly hey I wanted to congratulate

381

00:20:25,370 --> 00:20:23,310

you on passing me up here in total

382

00:20:28,940 --> 00:20:25,380

number of days in space it's great to

383

00:20:31,490 --> 00:20:28,950

see another record broken and especially

384

00:20:36,980 --> 00:20:31,500

by a sardine but I do have one question

385

00:20:41,770 --> 00:20:36,990

for you and my question is you got 100

386

00:20:46,610 --> 00:20:44,840

ever hundred ninety days in me that

387

00:20:53,480 --> 00:20:46,620

question is that for me that's for my

388

00:20:55,700 --> 00:20:53,490

wife okay great job on the EPA's I was

389

00:20:58,460 --> 00:20:55,710

watching you from my house and great job

390

00:21:00,020 --> 00:20:58,470

the Kate and talk forgetting you guys in

391

00:21:02,390 --> 00:21:00,030

and out that was uh that was great that

392

00:21:04,850 --> 00:21:02,400

was supposed to be VA or the first one

393

00:21:06,650 --> 00:21:04,860

that gel and I was going to do I don't

394

00:21:08,810 --> 00:21:06,660

know if you recall that but hey great

395

00:21:12,500 --> 00:21:08,820

job and great to talk to you guys stay

396

00:21:16,370 --> 00:21:12,510

congratulations again I do remember that

397

00:21:18,659 --> 00:21:16,380

and we never expected the Jewish caton

398

00:21:20,340 --> 00:21:18,669

did an awesome job

399

00:21:23,039 --> 00:21:20,350

it was a good day because the hardware

400

00:21:26,489 --> 00:21:23,049

creatures right and the team on the

401
00:21:29,099 --> 00:21:26,499
ground set us up for success so we we

402
00:21:31,799 --> 00:21:29,109
came off at a very happy great to talk

403
00:21:34,470 --> 00:21:31,809
to you and I think I told you

404
00:21:36,119 --> 00:21:34,480
congratulations before your success

405
00:21:38,940 --> 00:21:36,129
although we didn't have much many

406
00:21:40,889 --> 00:21:38,950
opportunities to talk but successfully

407
00:21:44,960 --> 00:21:40,899
doing that one year flight thank you

408
00:21:48,720 --> 00:21:44,970
again for doing it so I didn't have to I

409
00:21:50,970 --> 00:21:48,730
I also saved those are my family they

410
00:21:52,680 --> 00:21:50,980
didn't want me to come I said you know

411
00:21:54,989 --> 00:21:52,690
if I did the one year I'd be home six

412
00:21:58,169 --> 00:21:54,999
months earlier and that never flew it

413
00:21:59,700 --> 00:21:58,179

with anybody they preferred delay in six

414

00:22:03,119 --> 00:21:59,710

months as opposed to go on one year

415

00:22:07,739 --> 00:22:03,129

earlier but well done on you and I hope

416

00:22:11,940 --> 00:22:07,749

your transition to fear Postmaster is

417

00:22:13,649 --> 00:22:11,950

going well yeah yeah so far so good and

418

00:22:15,269 --> 00:22:13,659

yeah having you know obviously I haven't

419

00:22:17,460 --> 00:22:15,279

seen you since I launched there in the

420

00:22:18,509 --> 00:22:17,470

in Baikonur so look forward to seeing

421

00:22:22,259 --> 00:22:18,519

you when you get back hopefully I'll be

422

00:22:23,909 --> 00:22:22,269

out there and early next month in the

423

00:22:27,720 --> 00:22:23,919

middle of the night when when you guys

424

00:22:29,159 --> 00:22:27,730

get home good shot look forward to

425

00:22:31,109 --> 00:22:29,169

seeing you I still remember you being

426
00:22:33,629 --> 00:22:31,119
there when I returned from expedition 15

427
00:22:37,649 --> 00:22:33,639
I appreciated it alright take it easy

428
00:22:39,930 --> 00:22:37,659
sorry to bother your lunch thanks for

429
00:22:50,360 --> 00:22:39,940
following us we enjoyed the talking to

430
00:22:54,440 --> 00:22:52,430
that again was Scott Kelly earlier this

431
00:22:56,390 --> 00:22:54,450
morning congratulating Jeff Williams on

432
00:22:59,030 --> 00:22:56,400
breaking the record that Kelly sent for

433
00:23:01,820 --> 00:22:59,040
longest stay in space by u.s. astronaut

434
00:23:04,760 --> 00:23:01,830
today Williams will continue racking up

435
00:23:06,920 --> 00:23:04,770
the new record and leave it set at 534

436
00:23:09,710 --> 00:23:06,930
cumulative days in space when he returns

437
00:23:11,690 --> 00:23:09,720
home on sep tember sixth that time was

438
00:23:13,910 --> 00:23:11,700

accrued by Williams over three

439

00:23:15,980 --> 00:23:13,920

long-duration Space Station stays

440

00:23:19,580 --> 00:23:15,990

expedition 13 and two thousand six

441

00:23:23,030 --> 00:23:19,590

expeditions 21 and 22 in 2009 through

442

00:23:25,160 --> 00:23:23,040

2010 and this current expedition as well

443

00:23:29,720 --> 00:23:25,170

as one space shuttle mission he was on

444

00:23:32,240 --> 00:23:29,730

sts 101 and 2000 as well the 534 day

445

00:23:35,900 --> 00:23:32,250

mark will put him in 14th place on the

446

00:23:37,220 --> 00:23:35,910

all-time endurance list scott kelly

447

00:23:39,710 --> 00:23:37,230

meanwhile will hold on to the record for

448

00:23:42,919 --> 00:23:39,720

consecutive days in space by u.s.

449

00:23:44,150 --> 00:23:42,929

astronaut he spent 340 days in space as

450

00:23:48,049 --> 00:23:44,160

part of his one-year mission which

451
00:23:50,210 --> 00:23:48,059
wrapped up in March he also heard Kelly

452
00:23:53,660 --> 00:23:50,220
refer to himself and Williams as

453
00:23:55,280 --> 00:23:53,670
sardines they were both part of the 1996

454
00:24:02,330 --> 00:23:55,290
astronaut class and that was that

455
00:24:04,100 --> 00:24:02,340
class's nickname for the rest of the

456
00:24:06,200 --> 00:24:04,110
crew members currently on board Reubens

457
00:24:07,730 --> 00:24:06,210
Onision diminution still have a couple

458
00:24:10,070 --> 00:24:07,740
of months to go in their current state

459
00:24:11,660 --> 00:24:10,080
they launched the station on july six

460
00:24:14,720 --> 00:24:11,670
and are scheduled to stay in space until

461
00:24:16,880 --> 00:24:14,730
the end of october ones williams of

462
00:24:18,500 --> 00:24:16,890
jenin and skripochka have departed

463
00:24:20,540 --> 00:24:18,510

they'll be joined by NASA astronaut

464

00:24:26,180 --> 00:24:20,550

Shane Kimbrough and Russian cosmonauts

465

00:24:28,030 --> 00:24:26,190

andrey borisenko and sergey risk rice

466

00:24:35,330 --> 00:24:28,040

cup will be launching guy from

467

00:24:36,620 --> 00:24:35,340

kazakhstan on sep tember 23rd but there

468

00:24:38,780 --> 00:24:36,630

is a lot of work to get through before

469

00:24:41,510 --> 00:24:38,790

then including the departure of the

470

00:24:44,030 --> 00:24:41,520

spacex dragon cargo craft this friday at

471

00:24:46,190 --> 00:24:44,040

five ten a.m. central time and another

472

00:24:48,799 --> 00:24:46,200

spacewalk next thursday on September

473

00:24:50,900 --> 00:24:48,809

first during which Rubens and Williams

474

00:24:52,880 --> 00:24:50,910

will be retracting the trailing thermal

475

00:24:55,130 --> 00:24:52,890

controller radiator and installing HD

476
00:24:56,360 --> 00:24:55,140
cameras on the space station you're

477
00:25:00,500 --> 00:24:56,370
going to get a chance to learn more

478
00:25:03,290 --> 00:25:00,510
about that at 1pm today here on NASA TV

479
00:25:03,539 --> 00:25:03,300
in our spacewalk preview briefing and

480
00:25:06,720 --> 00:25:03,549
then

481
00:25:10,470 --> 00:25:06,730
be coming up on NASA TV at one p.m.

482
00:25:12,060 --> 00:25:10,480
central time today preparations for both

483
00:25:14,460 --> 00:25:12,070
of those activities are in the crews

484
00:25:16,320 --> 00:25:14,470
agenda for today Williams and Rubens are

485
00:25:18,479 --> 00:25:16,330
reviewing procedures for the upcoming

486
00:25:20,970 --> 00:25:18,489
spacewalk and it's been a good amount of

487
00:25:23,999 --> 00:25:20,980
time in the quest airlock getting their

488
00:25:26,070 --> 00:25:24,009

spacesuits ready for the various but and

489

00:25:28,200 --> 00:25:26,080

also recharging the various batteries

490

00:25:31,379 --> 00:25:28,210

that they'll need and see a view here of

491

00:25:34,440 --> 00:25:31,389

Rubens and Williams inside the quest

492

00:25:38,539 --> 00:25:34,450

earlier this morning with their

493

00:25:40,710 --> 00:25:38,549

spacesuits behind them again that

494

00:25:45,509 --> 00:25:40,720

spacewalk is scheduled for a week from

495

00:25:47,099 --> 00:25:45,519

Thursday on sep tember first Reubens

496

00:25:49,049 --> 00:25:47,109

Indonesia meanwhile we may be will be

497

00:25:50,879 --> 00:25:49,059

moving into the robotic work station on

498

00:25:53,249 --> 00:25:50,889

the cupola before the end of the day to

499

00:25:55,889 --> 00:25:53,259

brush up on their robotics training in

500

00:26:01,529 --> 00:25:55,899

preparation for Friday's robotic release

501
00:26:02,970 --> 00:26:01,539
of the SpaceX Dragon in addition there

502
00:26:04,529 --> 00:26:02,980
was a good deal of transfer work going

503
00:26:07,049 --> 00:26:04,539
on in preparation for the Dragons hatch

504
00:26:09,239 --> 00:26:07,059
closure tomorrow Williams was replacing

505
00:26:11,580 --> 00:26:09,249
a Leo filter on board while Reubens

506
00:26:13,560 --> 00:26:11,590
moved over one of the polar freezers

507
00:26:15,629 --> 00:26:13,570
that will make sure science experiments

508
00:26:18,869 --> 00:26:15,639
make it to the ground in good condition

509
00:26:20,489 --> 00:26:18,879
and only she moved the habitat being

510
00:26:22,499 --> 00:26:20,499
used for the mouse epigenetics

511
00:26:25,310 --> 00:26:22,509
experiment back over to the dragon for

512
00:26:27,419 --> 00:26:25,320
return to scientists on the ground

513
00:26:29,700 --> 00:26:27,429

Williams also found some time for

514

00:26:31,409 --> 00:26:29,710

scientific work he mixed up a number of

515

00:26:32,849 --> 00:26:31,419

NanoRacks experiments that look at a

516

00:26:35,489 --> 00:26:32,859

range of questions including

517

00:26:38,129 --> 00:26:35,499

microgravity affects on e coli bacteria

518

00:26:39,869 --> 00:26:38,139

and maiko gravity's effect on the

519

00:26:44,259 --> 00:26:39,879

ability of detergent and polymer beans

520

00:26:48,609 --> 00:26:46,509

and finally the station also received a

521

00:26:51,459 --> 00:26:48,619

reboost and altitude early this morning

522

00:26:53,589 --> 00:26:51,469

using the progress 63 s engines which

523

00:26:56,199 --> 00:26:53,599

fired for a total of twelve minutes and

524

00:26:57,609 --> 00:26:56,209

nine seconds the station's apogee or the

525

00:26:59,859 --> 00:26:57,619

high point of its warp it was increased

526
00:27:02,259 --> 00:26:59,869
by a tenth of a mile and its perigee the

527
00:27:05,019 --> 00:27:02,269
low point of the orbit moved 2.9 miles

528
00:27:11,049 --> 00:27:05,029
higher stations now circling the earth

529
00:27:22,389 --> 00:27:11,059
and a 250 3.5 x 240 8 mile orbit and

530
00:27:25,019 --> 00:27:22,399
just at the moment it's about 255 miles

531
00:27:56,050 --> 00:27:25,029
above the Indian Ocean heading southeast

532
00:28:00,220 --> 00:27:58,120
flight engineer Kate Rubin spent some

533
00:28:02,230 --> 00:28:00,230
time this morning working to replace a

534
00:28:05,260 --> 00:28:02,240
rotor in the European modular

535
00:28:07,360 --> 00:28:05,270
cultivation system req you can see her

536
00:28:09,130 --> 00:28:07,370
and Jeff Williams in this video recorded

537
00:28:12,850 --> 00:28:09,140
from earlier today working on that

538
00:28:15,670 --> 00:28:12,860

project the EMC s as that's called is

539

00:28:18,130 --> 00:28:15,680

dedicated to studying plant biology in a

540

00:28:20,710 --> 00:28:18,140

reduced gravity environment and support

541

00:28:22,450 --> 00:28:20,720

the cultivation stimulation and crew

542

00:28:23,800 --> 00:28:22,460

assisted operation of biological

543

00:28:27,190 --> 00:28:23,810

experiments under controlled

544

00:28:30,010 --> 00:28:27,200

temperatures water supplies illumination

545

00:28:32,770 --> 00:28:30,020

levels gravity levels and atmospheric

546

00:28:34,390 --> 00:28:32,780

composition it's been used to perform

547

00:28:36,670 --> 00:28:34,400

multi-generation experiments that

548

00:28:38,440 --> 00:28:36,680

cultivate plants for seeds and then grow

549

00:28:41,320 --> 00:28:38,450

the seeds as well looking at the effects

550

00:28:47,110 --> 00:28:41,330

of gravity in light on the early

551
00:28:49,150 --> 00:28:47,120
development of growth in plants can also

552
00:28:51,310 --> 00:28:49,160
house experiments with insects

553
00:28:53,530 --> 00:28:51,320
amphibians and invertebrates in the

554
00:28:59,110 --> 00:28:53,540
future as well as cell and tissue

555
00:29:01,780 --> 00:28:59,120
cultures so the facility uses an

556
00:29:04,000 --> 00:29:01,790
incubator with two slowly rotating

557
00:29:05,830 --> 00:29:04,010
rotors which is what today's maintenance

558
00:29:07,870 --> 00:29:05,840
was focusing on each rotor can

559
00:29:11,020 --> 00:29:07,880
accommodate up to four experiment

560
00:29:56,620 --> 00:29:11,030
containers each of which house dedicated

561
00:29:56,630 --> 00:30:19,240
you

562
00:30:32,779 --> 00:30:22,600
what that data to continue their